Numb. 456.

# THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

*Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.*

From September 1. to September 8. 1737.

*BARBADOES, June* 18. 1737.

*On Tueſday laſt began the Grand Seſſions for the Body of this Iſland, which was held at the Court-Houſe in* Bridge-Town, *and the Honourable* RALPH WEEKES, *Eſq; gave the following Charge;*

*Gentlemen of the Grand Jury,*

BY the ſeveral Commiſſions that have been juſt publiſhed, and the municipal Laws of our Country, it will appear that this Court has Power to puniſh all Crimes and Offences of a publick Nature, from Treaſon down to Treſpaſſes; and ſad Eperience aſſures us that all of them, except the firſt, have been, and are too often perpetrated amongſt us, even without Fear or Remorſe. This muſt certainly in a Meaſure ariſe from the want of a due Senſe of that holy Religion we profeſs, which teacheth an Abhorrence of every Vice, as it earneſtly inculcates the Practice of the contrary Virtues; and whether ſomething is not chargeable on the Remiſſneſs of Magiſtrates, as well as other miniſterial and ſubordinate Officers, may well deſerve our moſt ſerious Conſideration. But not to enter upon that Queſtion, it may ſuffice to obſerve at this Time, that whatever *We* can legally puniſh, *You* may and ought to enquire into, and as far as comes to your Knowledge make Preſentments of, which according to the Oath you have now taken, muſt be without Favour or Affection, Envy, Hatred, or Malice, and which I perſwade my ſelf you will punctually purſue in every Reſpect.

As for the higheſt Offence in the Eye of the Law, our Situation makes it hardly practicable, if ſo curſed a Diſpoſition could ever poſſeſs the Hearts of any of the Subjects of the beſt of Kings; but that which ſtands next to it, in the Underſtanding of all Laws, humane and divine, I believe, one may venture to aſſert is oftner committed on this little Spot, than in any other Part of the World amongſt the like Number of Inhabitants. Murder is ſo ſhocking a Crime, that all civiliz'd Nations have agreed in their Sentiments of it, as well as the Puniſhment. But tho' Blood undoubtedly requires Blood, we are ſenſible it has happen'd here, that ſuch whoſe Guilt was attended with the moſt cruel Circumſtances have too often been able (by making their Eſcape or otherwiſe) to avoid the Expiation; and yet we find there was no other Means allow'd by the ALMIGHTY himſelf amongſt his choſen People, for purging the Land, when defil'd with Murder, than the Blood of him that was guilty of the Fact. Ours, Gentlemen, it is notorious, has been defil'd over and over; and is, GOD knows, very far from being ſufficiently purged. Some late Inſtances there are, which will, of courſe, come under your Cognizance; nor can you need, I hope, any Arguments to induce you to a Diſcharge of your Duty on that Head, in order to bring the Criminals to Juſtice, and thereby as much as is in your Power, to avert thoſe terrible Judgments from Heaven which may otherwiſe be derived upon us.

There is one other Offence, which tho' not capital (by our Law, as it is by that of ſome other Communities) is however of a very heinous Nature, and no leſs dangerous in its Conſequence, and which therefore I alſo chuſe to mention, becauſe it has likewiſe been obſerved to prevail to a high Degree, inſomuch that our Courts both of Law and Equity have been ſhamefully infeſted with it. You will probably be before-hand with me, and know that what I mean is Perjury, and falſe Swearing. It tends to deſtroy Faith amongſt Men, and to render every one's Property, nay every one's Life precarious; ſo that nothing can conduce more to the Welfare of Society than the bringing all ſuch Miſcreants as are guilty of it, to condign Puniſhment. There have indeed been ſome Examples made of late, and 'tis to be hop'd a few more may check the Progreſs of that deteſtable Crime: Let me then recommend it to your ſpecial Care to contribute thereto, by making diligent and ſtrict Inquiry concerning the Offenders.

*Gentlemen,*

I have told the Reaſon of my pointing out two Species of Crimes only amongſt the reſt that are cognizable in this Court, and there is a very obvious one for my not being more particular: It is the Knowledge I have of your own good Senſe, and the Opinion I conceive of your Probity, which entirely anticipates the Neceſſity thereof. Beſides, his Majeſty's Attorney-General will be in the way, and as uſual, I preſume, ready to give you all proper Aſſiſtance; to whom therefore you cannot do better than apply, as often as you find it needful, or expedient.

But tho' more than enough perhaps has been already offer'd in Relation to the immediate Service, I muſt not make an End till I have congratulated with you on the general Happineſs we enjoy under the preſent Adminiſtration, which indeed it would be a kind of Injuſtice to our worthy Preſident not to acknowledge on this Occaſion, where ſo many are met from all Parts of the Iſland. I ſhall only add, however, that as we are now ſenſible of the Difference in the Effects of good and bad Counſels; in the Influence of wholeſome and pernicious Advice; betwixt a ſteady Intention to promote the publick Welfare, and a Conduct founded on narrow and ſelfiſh Views; betwixt a Deſire to eſtabliſh Unanimity amongſt Fellow Chriſtians and Fellow Subjects, and that of fomenting Party Diſputes and Animoſities; I ſay as we are now capable of diſtinguiſhing in theſe Matters by the Experience we have had of both, 'tis to be hop'd we ſhall for ever hereafter ſet a true Value on the one, and equally explode, contemn, and endeavour to avoid the other.

*Bridge-Town, Barbadoes June* 18. 1737.

Yeſterday the Grand Seſſions ended here, when two young Gentlemen receiv'd Sentence of Death, viz Joſias Philips of about 21 Years of Age, for the Murder of the late Judge Corner, by ſhooting him off his Horſe; and Thomas Wells of about 23 Years of Age, for the Murder of his Wife, by ſtabbing her in the Breaſt, of which Crimes they were convicted the Day before. There were ſeveral other

other Perſons indicted for Offences of an inferior Nature, for which ſuitable Puniſhments were inflicted; but we have not Room to inſert the Particulars; and ſhall only add therefore, that it is greatly to be wiſh'd that the Buſineſs of the General Seſſions had always been diſpatch'd with the ſame Impartiality, and unbiaſs'd Juſtice. This would have redounded much to the Peace, the Honour, and the Intereſt of our Country, and have prevented any living Examples to the Reproach of it.

*July* 8. This Day Joſias Philips and Thomas Wells, the two Criminals under Sentence of Death for Murder, being attended by a Guard of Soldiers to the Place of Execution, appearing handſomely dreſs'd in Mourning, were at 12 o'Clock turn'd off, to the great Grief of their Friends and Lamentation of the Spectators, and were afterwards decently interr'd from their own Houſes.

## LONDON.

*June* 4. *Extract of a Letter from Mr.* Samuel Eveleigh, *Merchant at* Charles-Town *in* South-Carolina, *to his Correſpondent in* London, *dated at* Charles-Town *the 25th of* March, 1737.

A Sloop arrived here from Providence, and brought a large Paquet from that Governor to ours, after having been read, they were ſent to Captain Windham, who commands his Majeſty's Ships here, together with five Affidavits made before Governor Fitzwilliams at Providence by five Engliſhmen, who had been lately Priſoners at the Havannah, and were newly arrived there. Theſe Letters confirmed the Accounts of the Preparations of the Spaniards at the Havannah againſt this Province.

Captain Dunbar three Days ſince came to Town from Georgia, where he had been at the Towns of Darien, Frederica and Savannah, and gives an account, that they are at all thoſe Places very well prepared, and ſeem to be very reſolute to defend themſelves. At the firſt Place there is a good ſtrong Fort, at the ſecond the Fortifications are very regular and compleated, and at the third they have made very great Progreſs, and in a ſhort time will be finiſhed.

Laſt Night arrived Capt. Colcock in 15 Days from the French Town of Moville, and brings an Account, that a French Man of War of 40 Guns was arrived there, and that two more were expected with 1200 Soldiers. They brought with them ſeveral Warlike Neceſſaries, particularly ſome ſmall Mortars. That they have a Deſign to make a third Attack upon the Chickeſahs, with 2000 White Men and 1000 Chocktaws. An Account of this Deſign has been given to the Chickeſahs, and they have ſent down an old Chocktaw to acquaint the French Governor, that they need not put themſelves to the Trouble of coming to them, for they would meet them Half-way, if they would let them know of their coming.

The Chickeſahs have for a long time paſt been conſtantly going to War againſt the Chocktaws, and have killed vaſt Numbers of them with very little Loſs on their Side. Inſomuch that not only the Indians, but the French themſelves, are very much afraid of them, and do acknowledge them to be the ſtouteſt Indians upon the Main. The Officers amongſt the French dread the going to War againſt them, and ſay they don't underſtand Buſh fighting.

The Soldiers, that are now arrived and expected, are all Roman Catholicks; and the few Switzers that are there, that are Proteſtants, are order'd home, and there to be diſcharged.

A Gentleman, whoſe Name is Teraſcoe, and a Friend to the Engliſh, is clapt into Priſon and in Irons; and it is ſaid will be ſent home, and put into the Galleys.

The Chocktaws took two Chickeſahs, and carried them down in great Triumph to the great Town of Moville, where they were burnt after a cruel and barbarous manner; one of them was a Boy of about Ten or Elven Years Old.

*June* 7. They write from Vienna of the 1ſt of June, N. S. that the day before the Emperor had declared to the whole Court, *That he had thought proper, for the good of the common Cauſe, to appoint the Duke of Lorrain Generaliſſimo of his Armies in Hungary*; and it is ſaid, that in a ſhort time his Royal Highneſs will be created Field Marſhal of the Armies of his Imperial Majeſty and the Empire.

The Count Albany, the Pretender's Son, is arrived at Venice. And the Abbe Fitz-James, Brother to the Duke of Berwick is arrived at Rome, and has been twice to viſit the Pretender, and ſtaid a conſiderable while each time.

*Extract of a private Letter from the* HAGUE, *June* 8.

'M. Thalman, the Emperor's Ambaſſador at the Porte, 'who follows the Turkiſh Army, being frequently oblig'd 'to ſend Couriers to Vienna, the ſeveral other Miniſters 'take Advantage of thoſe Opportunities to ſend their Ad'vices from thoſe Parts; and, according to our laſt from 'Babadog, they mention, that the Aga of the Janiſſaries 'ſet out the 1ſt, and began his March the 5th towards 'Tomorava. The Grand Vizir's Tents are pitch'd, and 'his Highneſs will repair thither the 15th, and in few 'Days afterwards advance towards the Nieſter with the 'whole Army, where he can ſcarcely arrive till the mid'dle of June. His Army is numerous, but ill arm'd, and 'worſe diſciplin'd. They are in want of moſt things; 'and if the Ruſſians follow the Example of the Tartars, 'that is, deſtroy whatever they meet with, the whole Ar'my muſt periſh or ſeparate. 'Tis ſaid, the Ottomans will 'be join'd by a conſiderable Body of Troops which ſerv'd 'in the Perſian War, which gives Reaſon to believe that 'the Grand Signior has at length found out ſome Expe'dient to engage Kouli Kan to agree to the Treaty con'cluded laſt Year at Conſtantinople, or to ſome other 'Convention equivalent to it, which will enable the Porte 'to employ their Veteran Troops againſt the Ruſſians.

'We are at a loſs to reconcile the Delays made uſe of 'by the Imperial Court to declare War againſt the Turks, 'with her Engagements with the Court of Ruſſia, conſi'dering the great Preparations carrying on, and the daily 'Increaſe of the Turkiſh Army, becauſe it cannot be o'therwiſe thought than that theſe Motions of the Empe'or are deſign'd rather to intimidate than to attack the 'Turks, and that there was a greater Deſire to feed the 'Expectations of the Ruſſians than really to aſſiſt them, 'it not being wiſh'd for to ſee them ſettle and fortify them'ſelves on the other ſide the Neiſter, which would not be 'difficult for them to accompliſh, after a Battle gain'd, 'and the taking of Oczakow: This would make them 'Maſters of the Beſſarabia and the Neighbourhood of 'Bender, and would be look'd on with no good Eye, nei'ther at Warſaw or Vienna, all which may eaſily happen, 'be Fortune ever ſo little favourable to Ruſſia, who be'ing Miſtreſs of the Riovo, and the Navigation upon the 'Boriſthenes, would draw great Advantage from the near'neſs to the Ukraine.

'The ſame Letter adds, that the Miniſters of the Ma'ritime Powers were often in Conference with the Secreta'ry to the Grand Vizir: They endeavour to repreſent the 'great Difference there is between the giving up of Aſoph, 'from which the Ruſſians will never deſiſt, and the dread'ful Conſequences which muſt follow from the Ottoman 'Armies ſuffering the leaſt Diſadvantage, either upon the 'Dnieper or the Danube, which would be follow'd with 'the Loſs of whole Provinces; therefore Prudence re'quires, that under the preſent Situation of Affairs his 'Sublime Highneſs prefer Peace, and that the rather, as 'the Porte is not in a Condition to reſiſt the united Forces 'of the Emperor and Ruſſia.

*June* 9. Laſt Week died at Hooton in Cheſhire, aged about 84, Sir Rowland Stanley, Bart. whoſe Anceſtors were ſeated at Hooton ſo early as the beginning of Richard the Second's time, (tho' the Family were long before ſeated at Stanley in Staffordſhire) and at Hooton this antient Family has flouriſhed ever ſince; and from a younger Branch of this Family, by the Marriage of a Daughter and Heir of Thomas Lord of Latham in Lancaſhire, are deſcended the Earls of Derby, who have ſo worthily exerted themſelves for their King and Country, as is evident in the ſeveral Hiſtories of England. Sir Rowland has kept Houſe 64 Years at Hooton; he married Anne Daughter of Clement Paſton of Bermingham in Norfolk, Eſq; by whom he had ſeveral Children. He is ſucceeded by his eldeſt Son, now Sir William Stanley, Bart.

*June* 14. A few Days ago a Wine Merchant at Wrexham in Denbighſhire, cut his own Throat with ſuch Reſolution that his Head was half off: He was a Man of Learning, of great Humanity, of an eaſy Fortune and was much reſpected; but was blameable for his Notions of Religion,

which

which 'tis thought was the Occaſion of his Deſpair: He had an elegant Taſte of Poetry, and has publiſh'd ſome Pieces of Poetry that have been admir'd. The following Lines were found in his Pocket, which were ſuppos'd to have been wrote by him a ſhort time before his Death.

Thro' the dark Vale of Miſery,
With lonely Steps I roam;
My lab'ring Mind and cloudy Brow
Add Darkneſs to the Gloom.
Sooth me, Sophocles, Nature's Guide,
Friend to unhappy Men;
Sad Ajax paint, or Pæan's Son,
Deſerted and in Pain,
Thy blind, old, exil'd Theban King,
The Mark of Horrors ſtood,
Patience and prudent Age improv'd
His Matchleſs Woes to Good.
The Voice of Wiſdom ſpeaks in thee,
Strong as the Trumpet's Sound,
In vain; my Weakneſs, Lord, forgive,
Or heal my Soul's deep Wound.

They write from Birr in Ireland, that they have lately had violent Thunder there, by which three Houſes belonging to Major Harriſon were conſumed; and five Men who were cutting Turf at Ballinaſloe, and a Woman who went to them with their Dinner, were all ſtruck dead.

A Miller's Child at Coothill had a miraculous Eſcape: It fell into the Mill Race, and was carry'd away by the Stream to the Wheel, which wanting one Bucket, receiv-ed the Child in the Vacancy, and it was taken up unhurt on the other Side.

It is ſaid that Miſs Cowan was lately married at Londonderry, to -- ----- Stewart, Eſq; This Lady was Siſter to the late Sir Robert Cowan, formerly Governor of Bombay, by whoſe Death a very large Fortune came to his Brother in the Eaſt Indies; but he dying in his Paſſage to England, the Fortunes of both the Brothers, upwards of 100,000 l. came to that Lady.

Laſt Week died at Dublin the Reverend Dr. Drury, an eminent Divine, formerly an eminent School maſter, and Rector of Rummore in the County of Kildare. He has left a Widow, and ſeventeen Children.

Laſt Sunday Sennight Henry Stephens, L. L. D. and one of the Maſters in Chancery, died ſuddenly at Dublin.

About the ſame Time died the Rev. Mr. Grantham, Rector of the Pariſh of Carlow, a Divine remarkable for his Piety and Charity.

Sir Richard Butler, Bart. was unanimouſly choſe a Burgeſs for that Borough, in the Room of Mr. Humphreys, deceaſed.

On the 2d Inſtant, his Excellency Henry Boyle, Eſq; landed at Youghall in Ireland, in his Way to his Seat at Caſtle-Martyr; being welcomed not only by a vaſt Concourſe of People, but the Mayor, Bailiffs, Aldermen, and Burgeſſes, in their Formalities, ſaluted by a double Fire of 7 Guns from the Fort, and attended by the ſeveral Companies, Drums beating and Colours flying.

*London, June* 18. Yeſterday the Bill for laying a Fine on the City of Edinburgh, &c paſs'd the Houſe of Lords without Amendment.

James Oglethorpe, Eſq; will be appointed General of his Majeſty's Forces in South-Carolina and Georgia.

*June* 21. The laſt Letters from Naples ſay, that the Torrents of flaming bituminous, and other Matter from Mount Veſuvius did not ſtop till the 22d of laſt Month, and that the principal Torrent was juſt upon the Point of ſwallowing up the large and fine Borough de la Torro Greco: It has fill'd up a very long broad and deep Drain, gain'd the great Road, ſwallow'd up the Church call'd the Church of Purgatory, and alſo a Part of that belonging to the Carmelites. The Miſchief had been ſtill greater if the Bridge over the Ravine had not been cut, to give the freer Courſe to that dreadful Torrent of Fire, which tumbled it ſelf with a furious Rapidity into the Sea. The thickneſs of the flaming Matter was 30 Feet in the Plain, and 120 in the Drains and hollow Ways: It reſembles the Skimmings of Iron, and is compos'd of Sulphur, common Salt, Salt-Peter, Sal-Armoniac and calcin'd Stones. When the Flames were at their greateſt Height, whole Provinces were invelop'd in entire Darkneſs, and the Terror of the Inhabitants was encreaſed by ſucceſſive Shocks of an Earthquake, and a moſt frightful Noiſe under Ground. At Naples all the Harm they received was that of being almoſt terrified out of their Senſes. The Borough of Otroyano on the Declivity of the Mountain has been very much damag'd by a continual Shower of Cinders and Stones of an aſtoniſhing Bigneſs; almoſt all the Houſes are render'd uninhabitable All the Farms in the Neighbourhood of Sommo, which furniſhed excellent Fruit and exquiſite Wines, are entirely ruin'd, and the Crop loſt this Year. The King has ſent a Body of Troops to take Care of the Houſes that are abandon'd by the Inhabitants.

*Boſton, Aug.* 18. We hear from Salisbury, That our Great and General Court or Aſſembly was adjourned by His Excellency's Order from Saturday the 13th to Wedneſday the 17th Inſtant, at three o'Clock Afternoon, then to meet at Salisbury again; that the honourable Court of Commiſſioners at Hampton in New-Hampſhire, for marking out and ſetling the Boundaries between the two Provinces is adjourned to Monday the 22d Inſtant; and that upon the Recommendation of the Commiſſioners, the General Aſſemblies of each Province have appointed Committees for conferring in order to agree on a Plan to be exhibited by the two Provinces to the Court of Commiſſioners, which may be of great Uſe for a right Underſtanding of the Controverſy between them; and that the Committee will enter into the Conſideration of that Affair before the ſitting of the Aſſemblies.

*Williamsburg, Aug.* 19. Laſt Monday arriv'd in James River, His Majeſty's Ship the Sea-horſe, Capt. Compton, in leſs than 48 Hours from New-York.

There grew, this Summer, in the Garden of Mr. Daniel Parke Cuſtis, in New-Kent County, a Cucumber, of the Turkey or Morocco Kind, which meaſured a Yard in Length, and near 14 Inches round the thickeſt Part of it. Great Care was taken in Watering it, the Weather having been for a long Time very dry; and, what is remarkable, it grew 3 Inches in Length in one Night. Several others grew on the ſame Vines, and ſome of them near as large as this. They are ribb'd almoſt like a Musk-melon, colour'd like a Water-melon; and taſte much like the common Cucumber. Several curious Perſons have been to view them, the like having never been ſeen in theſe Parts before.

*Cuſtom-Houſe*, NEW-YORK, Sept 5. *Entred in.*

Mansfield from Newfoundland, Murray from Maryland, Brownlow from Coracoa, Gariſon and Handlin from St. Thomas; Painter, Tucker, and Durham from Jamaica, Vatar from Dover. *Entred out.* Eight for S. Carolina, Hinſon for Barbadoes, Robinſon for St. Chriſtophers, Mansfield for Jamaica, Brownlow for Coracoa, Boyd for Maderia.

*Cleared.* Greek to Antigua, Catlin and Trott, to Coracoa, Beekman to Boſton.

*Cuſtom Houſe*, PHILADELPHIA, *Entred In.*

Brigt. Nancy, William Daviſon, from Belfaſt.
Scooner Mary, Matthias King, from Rhode-Iſland.
Sloop Mary, Joſeph Hinſon, from St. Martin.
Ship Elizabeth, John Triſtram, from Leverpoole.

*Entred out.*

Sloop Frederica, Richard Paynter, for Boſton.
----- Lilly, Benjamin Hoskins, for Antigua.
Snow Hercules, Lawrence Anderſon, for Lisbon.
Sloop Droytwich, John Macket, for North-Carolina.

*Cleared.*

Sloop Samuel's Adventure, Michael Jacobſon, to Jamaica.
Brigt. Charming Sally, Thomas Barton to Cork.
Sloop Winyaw, John Goodwin, to South Carolina.
Sloop Frederica, Richard Paynter, to Boſton.


For JAMAICA, directly,
The Ship *Hawker-Gally*,
CHARLES HEYMAN, Maſter:
WILL Sail by the firſt of *November*.
For Freight or Paſſage agree with the ſaid Maſter on Board the ſaid Ship now lying at *Fiſhbourn*'s Wharffe, or with THOMAS SOBER, on very reaſonable Terms.
*Philadelphia, September* 8. 1737.

SEVERAL *NEGROES* fit for Town or Country Work, to be Sold by *Robert Hall*.

*General Loan-Office, September 7. 1737.*

BY Reason of the Absence of one of the Trustees of the *Loan Office*, and the Indisposition of another; the Business of that Office is defer'd to the 27th Instant.

RUN *away from* Isaac Pearson, *of* Burlington, *in* West-New-Jersey, *a Servant Man, named* John Williams, *aged about* 37 *Years, a* West-County *Man, speaks by Clusters, hard to understand, very short, square set, by Trade a Clockmaker: He had on a full-trimm'd brown-colour'd cloth Coat, with flat Pearl Buttons set in Brass, a flannel strip'd Jacket with blue Flaps, a fine Shirt, and an ozenbrigs one, ozenbrigs Trowsers, blue worsted Stockings, peaked toe'd Shoes, with Hobnails drove in the Heels, a narrow brim'd castor Hat.*

*Whoever secures the said Servant so that he may be had again, shall have* Thirty Shillings *Reward, paid by*

Philad. Aug. 26. Isaac Pearson.

CYPHERING SLATES *and Pencils,* CALEPPOINK *and Holman's Ink-Powder,* LINSEED OIL, *and* LAMPBLACK, *sold by the Printer hereof.*

Just published,

THE VOTES and PROCEEDINGS of the House of Representatives at their last Sitting. Printed and Sold by *B. Franklin. Price Six Pence.*

For LONDON, directly,

The SHIP *Constantine,*

EDWARD WRIGHT, Master;

Being a good SHIP, and well Accommodated for Passengers:

WILL Sail about the latter End of *October*, having half her Loading already engag'd. For Freight or Passage apply to Messrs. *Edgell* & *Shippen*, or the said Master.

Zugleich nach London,

DAS Schiff Constantine, genent, Edward Wright, Meister, will gewiss abgehen zu ende des Octobers, hat den grösten Theil seiner Lading albereits. Wegen der Fracht kan man nachfragen bey Benjamin Shumacher, Kauffman, in der Marck-Straas, oder bey besagten Meister.

Over against the *George* Inn,

Are Taught,

WRITING and Arithmetick, Book Keeping, and the Mathematicks, by *William Robins.*

TO BE SOLD,

THE HOUSE wherein *Frederick Elversbat*, lately dwelt, situate in *High-Street*, opposite the Prison, being very commodious for a Shopkeeper, or any Person trading with the *Palatines*. Enquire of *Thomas Sober*, *Israel Pemberton*, or *Charles Willing*.

In *Chesnut-Street* opposite to the Head of *Strawbery-Alley*,

ARE Taught, Grammar, Latin and Greek; as also Reading and Writing, Arithmetick, Vulgar and Decimal, and several Parts of the Mathematicks; by *Timothy Griffith.*

RUN *away on the* 8*th of this Instant* Aug. *from* Amos Austin *of* Evesham, Burlington *County, an Irish Servant Lad, named* Joseph Balford, *aged about* 19 *Years, short Stature, red hair'd, a little freckled, with a Scar on his Eyebrow: Had on, a Suit of coarse grey cotton and wooll with round pewter Buttons, leather Breeches, brown worsted Stockings, new calf-skin shoes, a fine shirt, striped red and yellow silk Handerchief, a new fine Hat.*

*Whoever secures the said Servant so that he may be had again, shall have* Five Pounds *Reward, and reasonable Charges paid by*

Amos Austin. Philad. August 17. 1737.

ALL *Persons indebted to* Joseph Shippen, *jun. of* Philadelphia, *are desired forthwith to pay their respective Debts, the said* Shippen *intending for* London, *in the Ship* Constantine, Edward Wright, *Commander.*

*To be sold very cheap for ready Money, by said* Shippen *at his Store in* Front-Street, *opposite to the Sign of the* Scales.

*Broad and narrow Camblets, Crapes of several sorts, broad Cloths,* London *and* Bristol *Shalloons, Calimancoes, strip'd Tammys, Duroys, Garlix, Ozenbrigs, Check Linnen, Bed Ticks, Bunts, Kentings, Cambriks, Silesias, yellow Canvas, Buckrams, Muslins, Chellos, Cotton Romals, fine Callicoes of different sorts, Fustians, Corded Dimitys, Cotton Counterpans, Silk Handkercheifs, black Gorgoroons, Lutestrings, Taffaties, Grazets, half Ell Persians, Silk and Thread, Sattins, Dimjais, Burdets, Nuns Thread, broad and narrow Tapes, Bobbins, Pins, Gartering, Buttons and Mohair, Cutlery-ware, single and double refined Sugar, Shot, Men and Womens Gloves, Brass Cocks for Doors, Brass Arms for Sconces.*

To be Sold cheap for READY MONEY,

*By* NICHOLAS REDDISH, *Sadler,*

Over-against the Great *Meeting-House* in *Second Street* PHILADELPHIA:

ALL *Sorts of* SADLERY WARE,

As, *Kirb Bits of all Sorts, Snaffles of all Sorts.*
*White and black Buckles of all Sorts,*
*Tuff Nails of several Sorts.*
*Tin Nails of several Sorts.*
*Sadlers* 2 *penny and* 3 *penny Nails, and*
*Tacks of all Sorts.*
*Sadlers Orris and Mohair Fringe of several colours.*
*Worsted Reins of several colours.*

Note. *At the same Place is sold* Pointz's Elixir, *and* Stoughton's Bitter.

To be SOLD by VENDUE,

ON *the* 12*th of this Inst.* September, *at the Dwelling House of* Casper Stonebrenner *late of* Germantown, *Deceased, a Plantation situate in* Germantown *aforesaid, at the upper End of the same, containing about Fifty Acres, together with a good Dwelling-House, Barn, Stable, Orchard, Meadow Ground, clear Land and Wood land, by* John Frederick Ax *and* Caspar Wistar, *Administrators of the said Estate: Whoever inclinces to buy may be further inform'd at* Germantown *aforesaid, by*

John Frederick Ax,
Philad. Aug. 29. 1737. Caspar Wistar.

TAKEN *in at a House in Water-street a Pair of Handirons and a Copper Stew pan, suppos'd to be left at the Door by a Person in Drink; The Owner may hear of the above Things by applying to the Printer hereof; and describing them, and paying for this Advertisement, may have them again.*

RUN away from *Edward Williams* of *Boston*, Currier, on the 31st of *January* last, *Jonathan Reed*, an Irishman lately come from Dublin, but speaks pretty good English, about 32 Years of Age, his Name is mark'd with Ink on one of his Hands, a short well set Man, round fac'd, black Beard, round Shoulder'd, his Legs leaning a little, wore a blue Cloth Coat and Jacket, brown Breeches, and brown Wig, but 'tis suppos'd he may have chang'd his Cloaths; he is a Currier by Trade, but can work at the Shoemaker's and Brushmaker's Trade. There was in Company with him *John McCarrol*, an Attorney at Law.

Whoever shall take up said *Reed*, and him safely convey to his said Master in *Boston*, shall have *Five Pounds* Reward and all reasonable Charges paid by. *Edward Williams.*

*Note.* The said *Reed* sells Playbooks and Pamphlets, and is suppos'd to be gone towards *North-Carolina.*

GEORGE FINNEY Son of *George Finney* of *Wolverhampton*, suppos'd to have been in this Country about Eight Years, by applying to *William Vere* in *Philadelphia*, may hear of something to his Advantage.

And all Persons Indebted to the said *William Vere*, are desir'd to pay their repective Debts; he designing to depart this Province, in a short time.

*PHILADELPHIA:* Printed by B. FRANKLIN, at the New Printing-Office near the Market. *Price* 10 *s.* a Year.

Where ADVERTISEMENTS are taken in, and BOOK-BINDING is done reasonably, in the best Manner.